## REMEDIAL SITE ASSESSMENT DECISION - EPA REGION II

**EPA ID:** NJD067484923 **Site Name:** E L BETH LTD

Alias Site Names:

**EPA Form # 9100-3** 

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State ID:

City: PERTH AMBOY	County or Parish: MIDDLESEX	State: NJ
Refer to Report Dated:	Report Type: SITE INSPECTION 001	
Report Developed by: START		
DECISION:		
because:	ent under CERCLA (Superfund) is not required	
1a. Site does not qualify for fur (No Further Remedial Action Pla	ther remedial site assessment under CERCLA anned - NFRAP)	• .
1b. Site may qualify for action,	but is deferred to:	
2. Further Assessment Needed Un	der CERCLA:	
2a. Priority: Higher Lo	wer	
2b. Other: (recommended action	on) NFRAP (No Futher Remedial Action Planned	
DISCUSSION/RATIONALE:		
and consists of a 0.66-acre parcel of land and a 0.41-ac overheated kiln, destroyed the factory, the pier, and all operation that produced solder, casting metals, and lead	CERCLA. The E L Beth site is located in an industrial area of Perth A cre pier. A factory was located on the pier until May 1981, when a fire company records. Up until the fire, the E L Beth facility was a foundry d alloys. The facility also recovered gold from electronic scrap. In 1961, the owners requested the facility be delisted as a TSD facility.	, reportedly caused by an and secondary smelting
from secondary lead smelting which could possibly cont	lication, wastes generated at the facility included corrosive materials a tain chromium, lead and cadmium. Wastes reportedly were stored in city of 2,500 gallons. It is unknown if any hazardous wastes were pre	drums on concrete, in annual
known potable wells are located more than 2 miles from	nor is one suspected. The site is paved and a confining clay layer ove the site and all but one are separated from the site by the Raritan Riv total of three people. The Sayreville Water Department operated four lls is screened in the aquifer of concern.	ver. The nearest potable wells
waste disposal practices at the site indicate the potentia during the 1981 fire. Surface drainage would be expect surface water pathways exist with this site due to its pro	water has occurred, but source sampling onsite would be difficult, as all release of contaminants to surface water, as well as a potential releated to flow to the Arthur Kill over the paved surfaces onsite or through eximity to tidally influenced waters, the majority of which are considered the TDL and six State-listed threatened or endangered species are lesite, is located 14 miles downstream from the site.	ase of contaminants generated storm drains. Several 15-mile d saline waters of estuaries.
	suspected. The site is entirely paved, therefore no soil samples have s present onsite. There are no residences, schools, day cares, or terr	
occurred during the 1981 fire. Ambient readings taken of	ssible that a release could occur from contaminants possibly located in during a 1992 site inspection did not reveal readings significantly about ate-listed endangered or threatened species are located near the facili	e background. Approximately
	Survey Commencer	
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Site Decision Made by: KRISTIN DOBINSO	ON .	
Signature:		Date: 09/05/2000
		198544